SAFETY DATA SHEET



Se-lett

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Se-lett
Product code : 703

Product description: This is a one component oxidatively drying alkyd coating. It has a matt finish.

Specially designed bright colour. To be used as mid coat as part of a complete

system in atmospheric environments.

Product type : Liquid.

Other means of identification

: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Uses in Coatings - Industrial use Uses in Coatings - Professional use

See Annex to the Safety data sheet for additional information in the Exposure Scenario(s).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN15 8RR England

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00 SDSJotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact National Poison Centre via Hospital or Registered Medical Practitioner

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : R10

R67 N; R51/53

Physical/chemical : I

hazards

: Flammable.

Human health hazards: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Environmental hazards: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Warning.

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention : Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use

only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment.

Response : Not applicable. **Storage** : Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0.1% Benzene)

Supplemental label

Contains cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) and 2-butanone oxime. May produce an elements

allergic reaction.

Additional information : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

			<u>Classi</u>	<u>fication</u>		
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	Notes
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0.1% Benzene)	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1 Index: 649-330-00-2	>=25, <35	R10 Xn; R65 R66, R67 N; R51/53	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]	H-P
2-butanone oxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	>=0,1, <1	Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Xn; R21 Xi; R41 R43	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351	[1]	-
cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7	>=0,1, <0,25	Repr. Cat. 3; R62 Xn; R22 R43 N; R50/53	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[1] [2]	-

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II - United Kingdom (UK)

Se-lett

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above. See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running

water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

carbon monoxide

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0.1% Benzene)	EH40-WEL (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2005). STEL: 850 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: All forms STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Form: All forms TWA: 566 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: All forms TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Form: All forms
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Skin sensitiser. Notes: as Co TWA: 0,1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived no effect levels

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0.1% Benzene)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	330 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
,	DNEL	Long term Dermal	44 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	71 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	26 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic

Predicted no effect concentrations

No PNECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product.(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Various colours.

Odour : Characteristic.

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and : Not available.

boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: 40°C
Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Burning time : Not applicable.
Burning rate : Not applicable.

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II - United Kingdom (UK)

Se-lett

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: 0.6 - 7%

: Highest known value: 2.7 kPa (20.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Naphtha (petroleum), Vapour pressure

hydrodesulfurized heavy).

Vapour density : Not available. : 1.03 g/cm³ Relative density

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C)

Explosive properties : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

hazardous reactions

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See Sections 2 and 15 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Swallowing may cause nausea, diarrhoea, vomiting, gastro-intestinal irritation and chemical pneumonia.

Contains 2-butanone oxime, cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0.1% Benzene)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0.1% Benzene)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0. 1% Benzene)	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Algae Fish	72 hours 96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0. 1% Benzene)	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (<0. 1% Benzene)	-	10 to 2500	high
2-butanone oxime cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	0,63	5,011872336 15600	low high

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Material and/or container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

European waste catalogue (EWC)

: 08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances If this product is mixed with other wastes, this code may no longer apply. If mixed with other wastes, the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG/IMO and ICAO/IATA and national regulation.

International transport regulations

14.1 UN number : 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping

name

: Paint.. Marine pollutant (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)

14.3 Transport hazard

class(es)



Marking : The environmental hazardous / marine pollutant mark is only applicable for

packages containing more than 5 litres for liquids and 5 kg for solids.

14.4 Packing group : III
14.5 Environmental : Yes.

hazards

14.6 Special precautions

for user

: **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Additional information

ADR / RID : Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

: 3

Hazard identification number: 30

Special provisions: 640E

IMDG : <u>Emergency schedules (EmS)</u>

F-E, <u>S-E</u>

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

IBC Code

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture,

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : Not determined.

Black List Chemicals : Not listed

Priority List Chemicals : Not listed

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Integrated pollution prevention and control

: Not listed

list (IPPC) - Air

Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Water

: Not listed

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
2-butanone oxime cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	Carc. 2, H351 -	-	-	- Repr. 2, H361f

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cobalt compounds	Carc.	-

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule I

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule II

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule III

Chemicals

: Not listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361f Suspected of damaging fertility. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY: SKIN - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Carc. 2, H351 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Repr. 2, H361f TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION [Fertility] - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

STOT SE 3, H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

EXPOSURE) [Narcotic effects] - Category 3

Full text of abbreviated R phrases

: R10- Flammable.

R40- Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

R62- Possible risk of impaired fertility. R21- Harmful in contact with skin.

R22- Harmful if swallowed.

R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes. R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in

the aquatic environment.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications

[DSD/DPD]

: Carc. Cat. 3 - Carcinogen category 3

Repr. Cat. 3 - Toxic to reproduction category 3

Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant

N - Dangerous for the environment

Date of printing

Date of issue/ Date of

revision

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Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

Date of issue : 24.07.2014. **12/14**



Exposure Scenario: Uses in Coatings -Industrial use

Sector of Use : Industrial use

Process Category : PROC05 PROC07 PROC08a PROC10

Environmental Release Category(ies)

Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including product transfer and preparation, application by brush, spray by hand or similar methods) and equipment cleaning.

Operational conditions and risk management measures

Control of worker exposure

Frequency and duration of use	: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).
General - Operational conditions	: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
General - Risk Management Measures	: See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Type of activity or process Risk Management Measures

Preparation of material for application	: Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).
Roller, spreader, flow application	: Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).
Spraying - Manual	: Provide enhanced general ventilation by mechanical means. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.

Control of environmental exposure

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	: Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory requirements.
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	 External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Additional information

The exposure scenario for the mixture is based on the following substances:

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Exposure Scenario: Uses in Coatings - Professional use

Sector of Use : Professional use

Process Category : PROC05 PROC08a PROC10 PROC11

Environmental Release Category(ies) : ERC8a ERC8d

Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including product transfer and preparation, application by brush, spray by hand or similar methods) and equipment cleaning.

Operational conditions and risk management measures

Control of worker exposure

Frequency and duration of use : Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).

General - Operational conditions : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

General - Risk Management Measures : See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Type of activity or process Risk Management Measures

Preparation of material for application - : Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Indoor.

Preparation of material for application - : Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.

Roller, spreader, flow application - Indoor. : Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Roller, spreader, flow application - Outdoor. : Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.

Spraying - Manual - Indoor. : Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.

Spraying - Manual - Outdoor. : Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2

filter or better.

Control of environmental exposure

Organisational measures to prevent/limit : Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory requirements. release from site

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal regulations. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste : External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Additional information

The exposure scenario for the mixture is based on the following substances:

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